

Storing Evercrisp under CA and DCA

R. Beaudry, Ö. Horzum, N. Sugimoto



Storing Evercrisp under CA and DCA



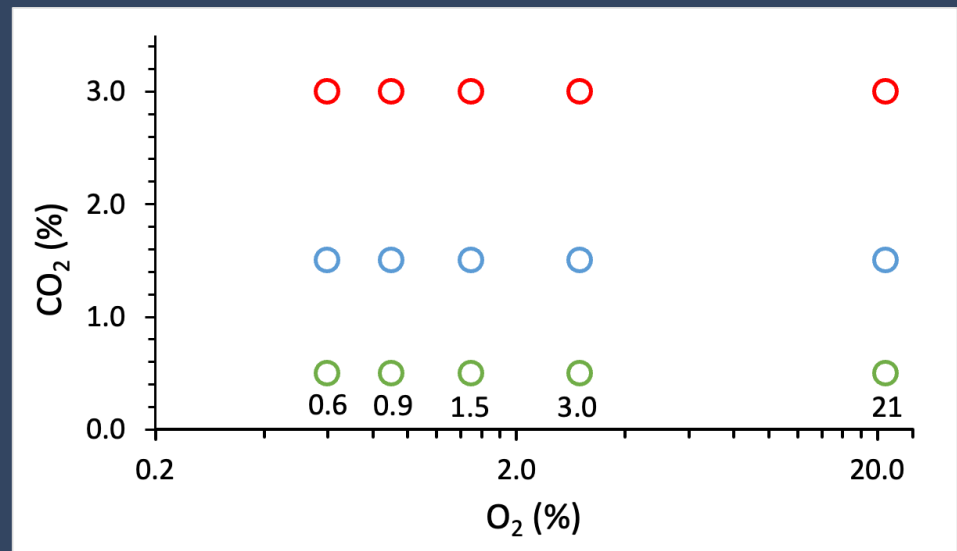
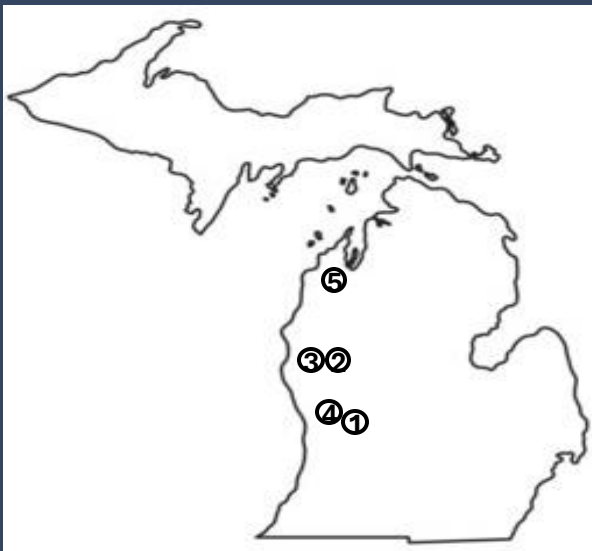
CA/DCA study

We set up a system to determine tolerances of Evercrisp apple fruit to low O_2 and to CO_2 in combination with low O_2 .

Using the responses to oxygen, we determined the lowest O_2 level tolerated and we targeted two O_2 concentrations 0.2 and 0.5 % higher to represent DCA (0.6 and 0.9 % O_2)

We compared these O_2 concentrations to standard CA (1.5 and 3% O_2) and air (21% O_2)

For every oxygen level, fruit were exposed to 0.5, 1.5 and 3% CO_2



Sidenote: Evercrisp density

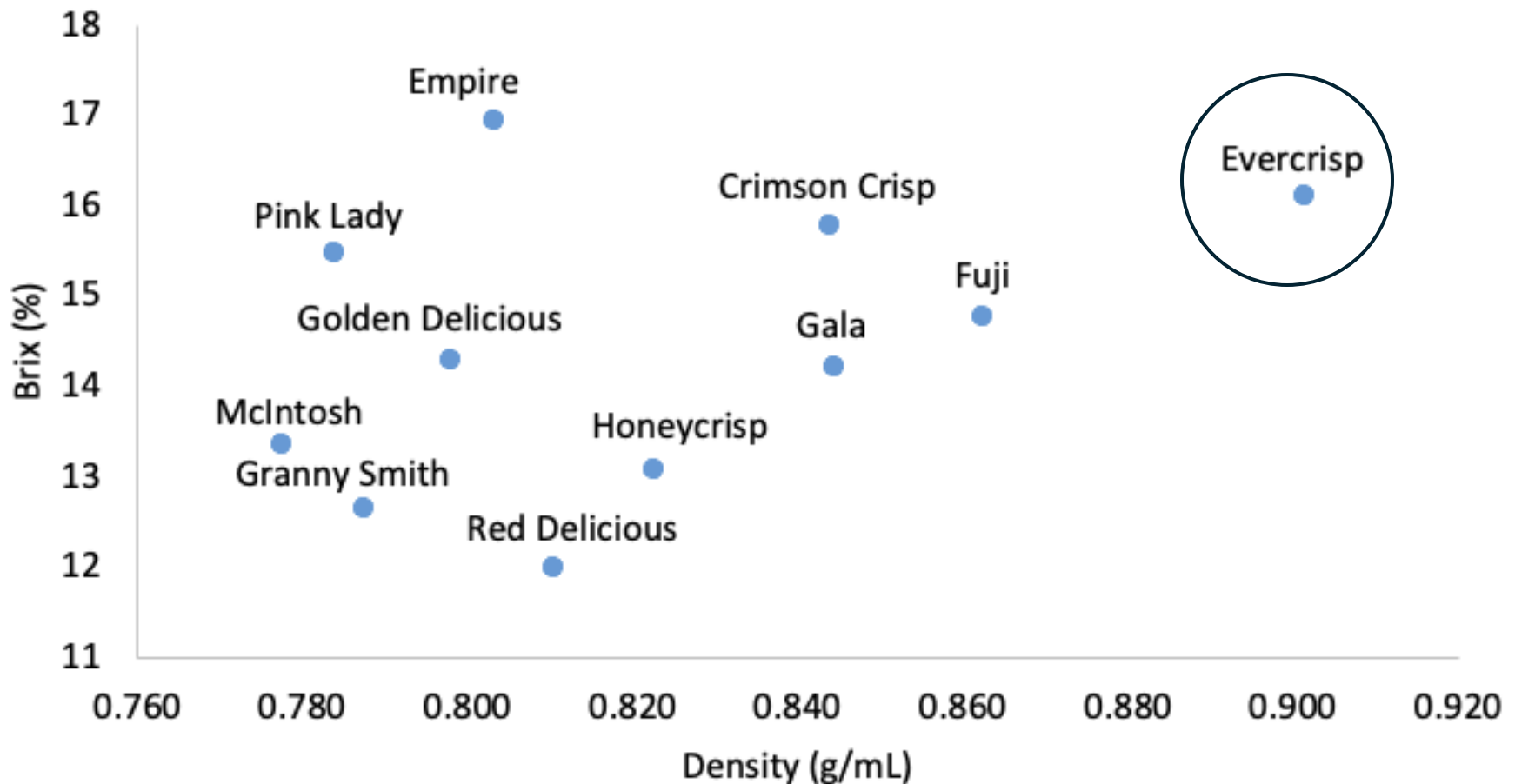


Sidenote: Evercrisp density



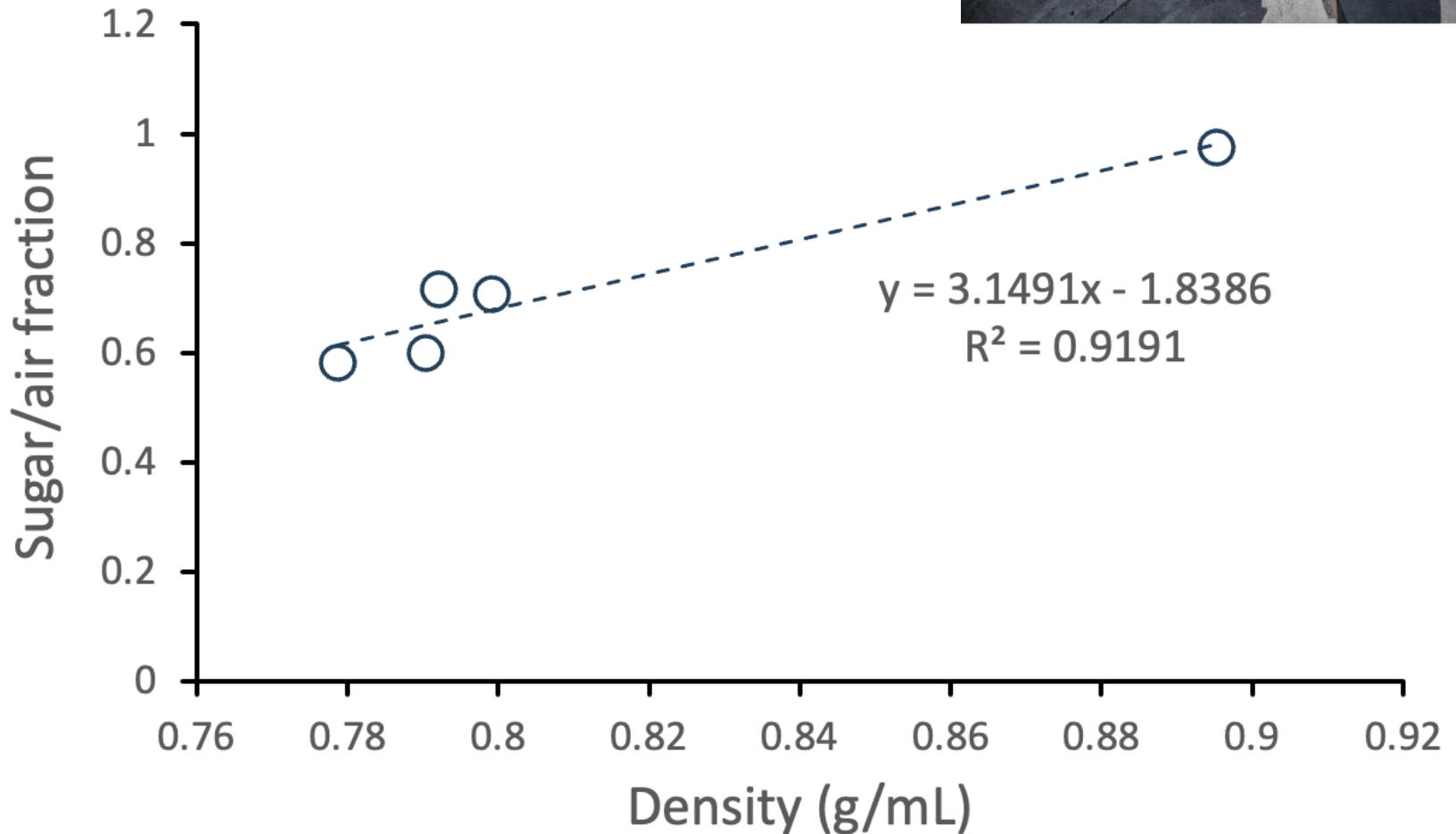
Sidenote: Evercrisp density

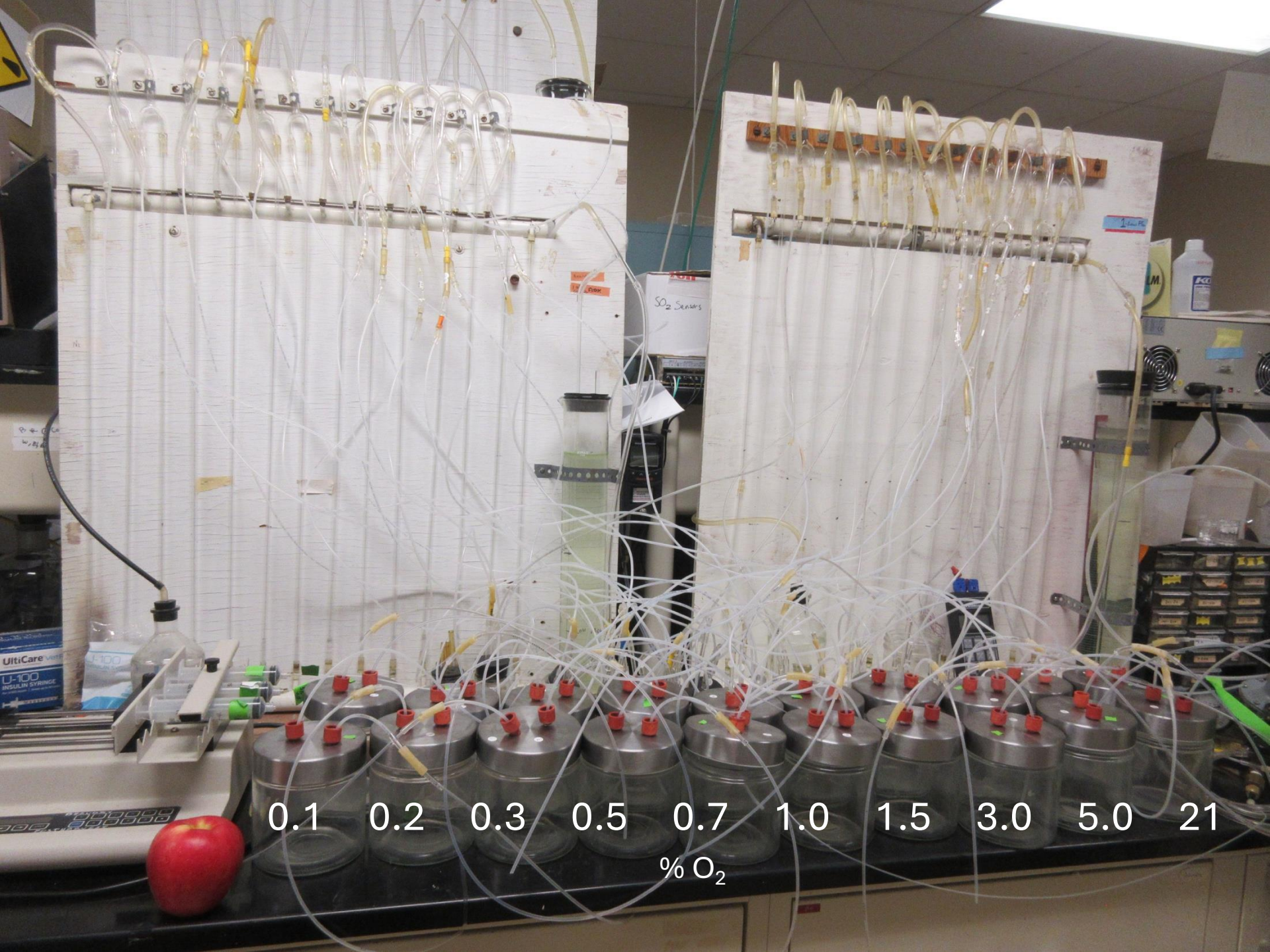
Put 7 to 10% fewer boxes on a truck!



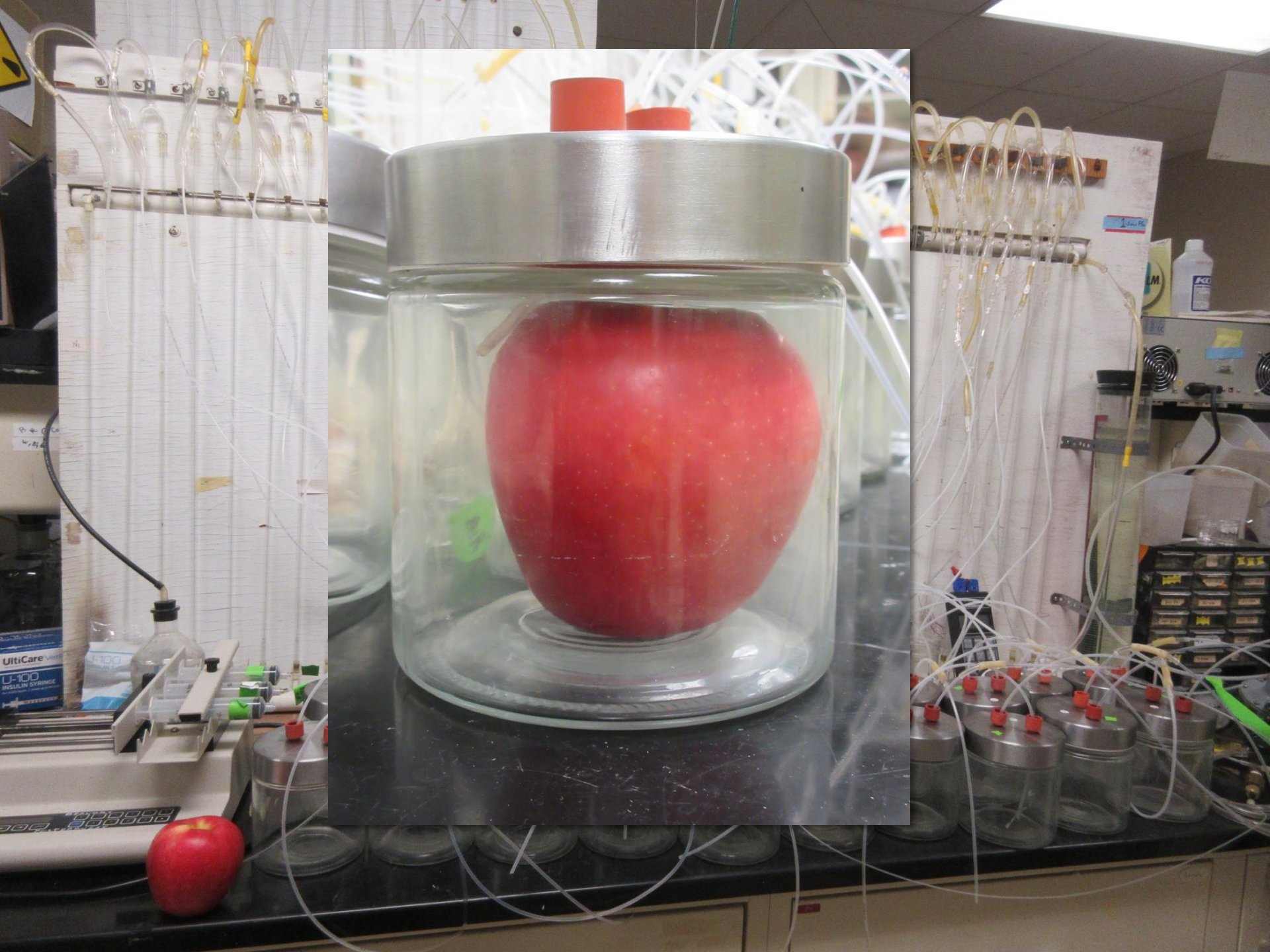
Sidenote: Evercrisp density

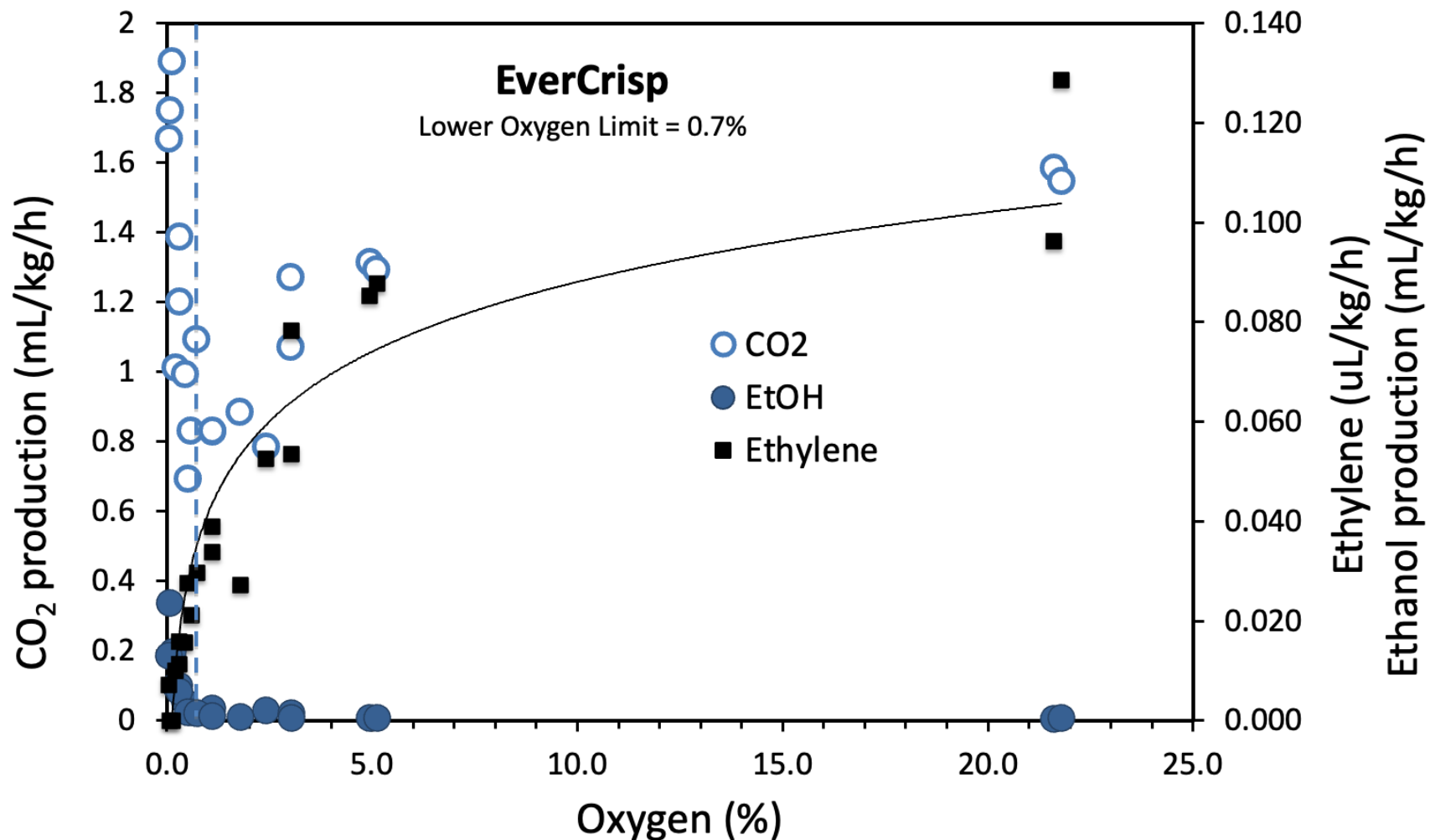
Put 7 to 10% fewer boxes on a truck!



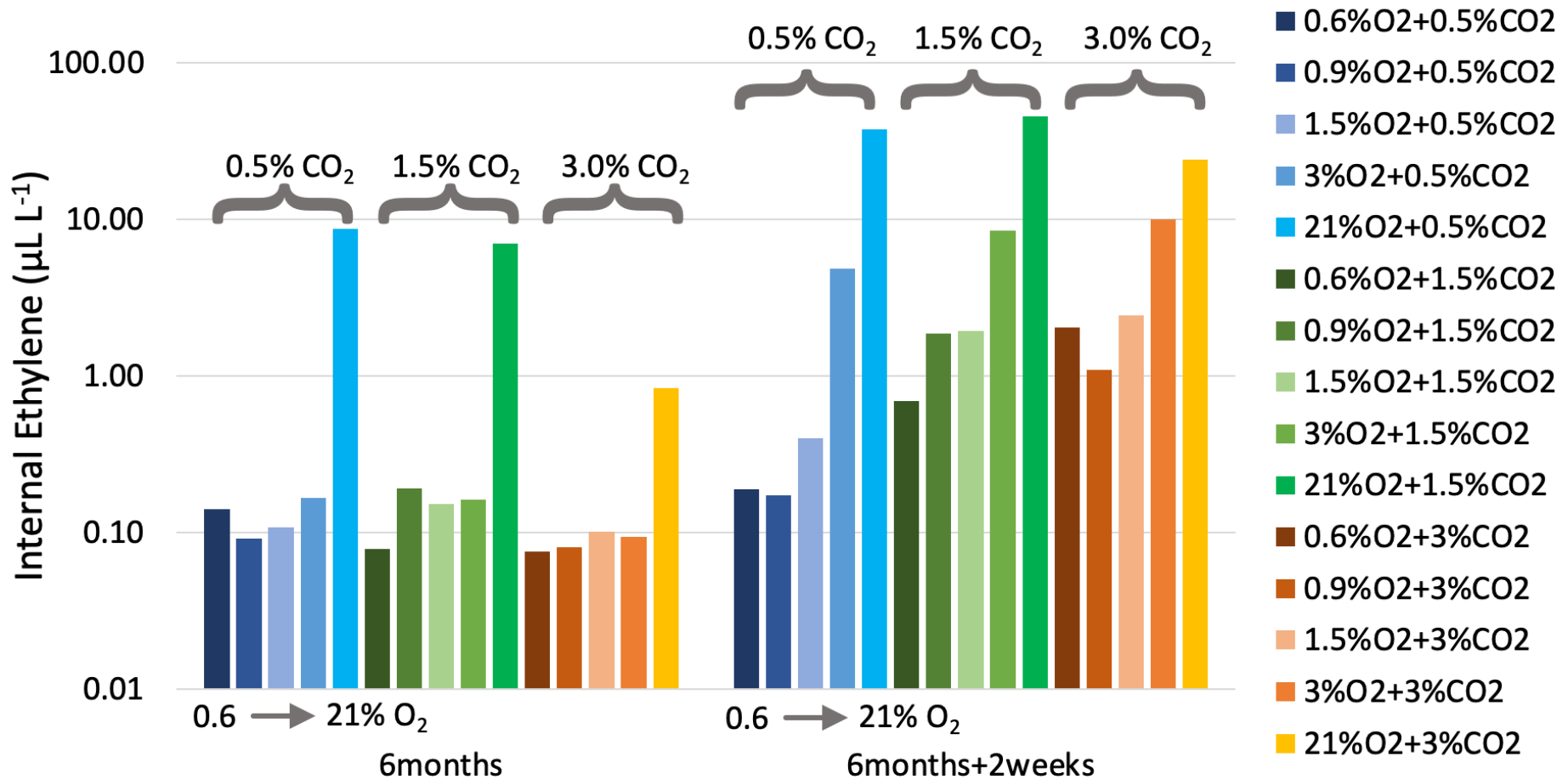


0.1 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.7 1.0 1.5 3.0 5.0 21
% O₂



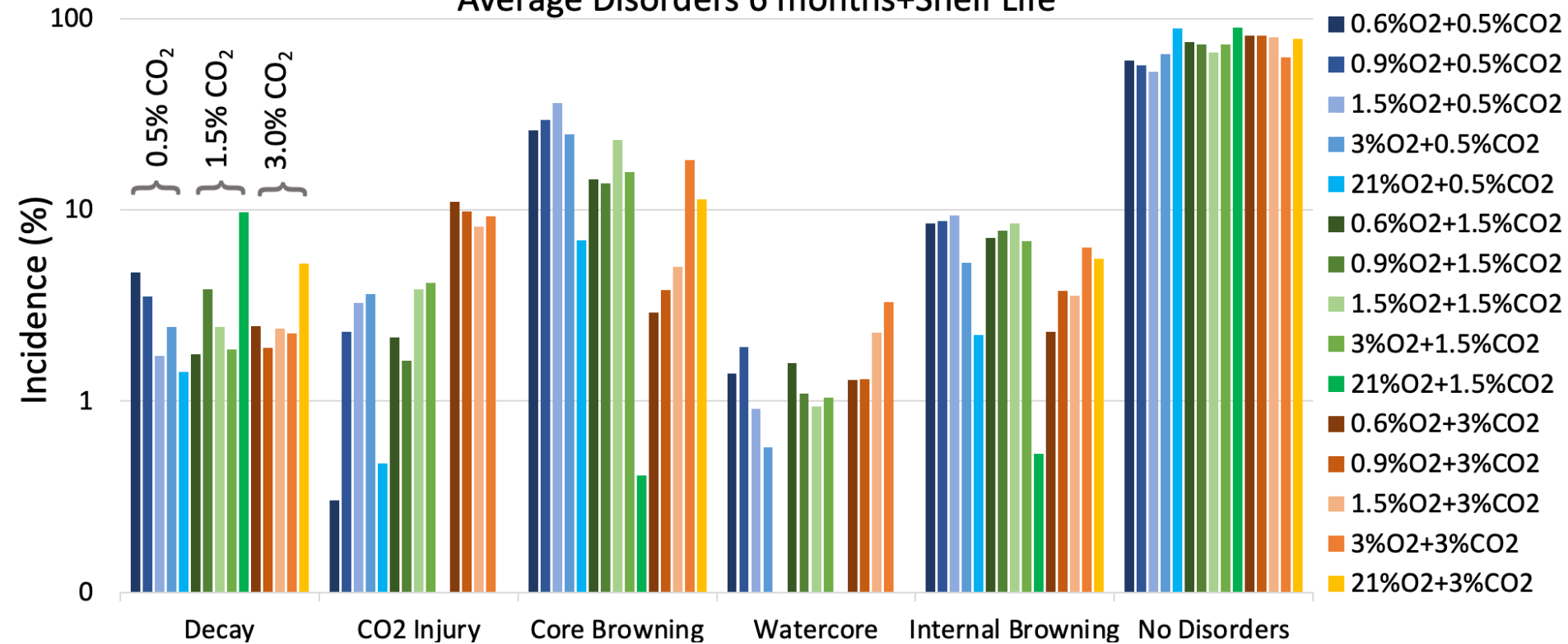


- Lower oxygen limits for the 5 orchards tested were: 0.5, 0.7, 0.7, 0.7, and 0.7% O₂
- Low O₂ markedly inhibits ethylene production (and ethylene action)



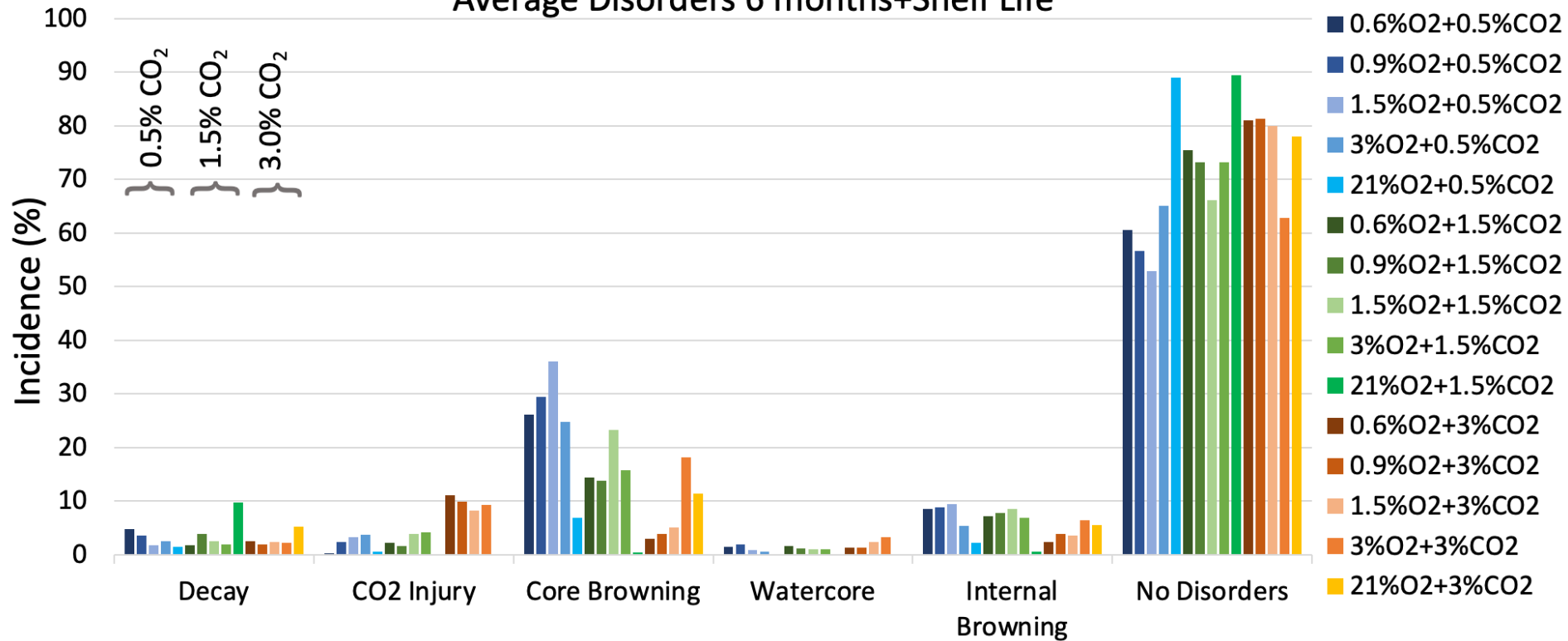
- Ethylene production inhibited by CA and DCA
- Post-storage ethylene most inhibited by DCA
- Recovery of ethylene stimulated by CO₂

Average Disorders 6 months+Shelf Life

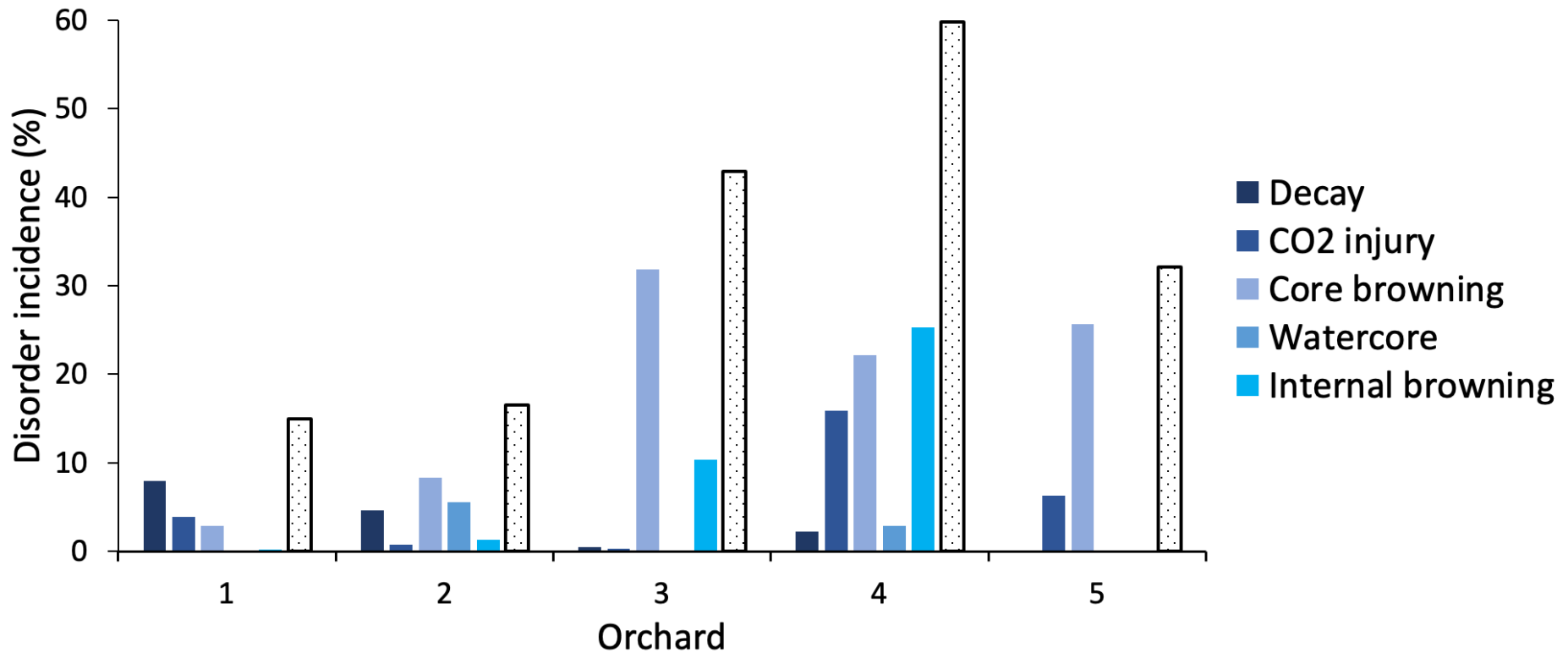


- Evercrisp tolerant to low O₂ levels found in DCA
- Evercrisp relatively tolerant CO₂, even at 0.6 % O₂
- Watercore dissipated by air storage
- DCA and air storage reduces CO₂ injury

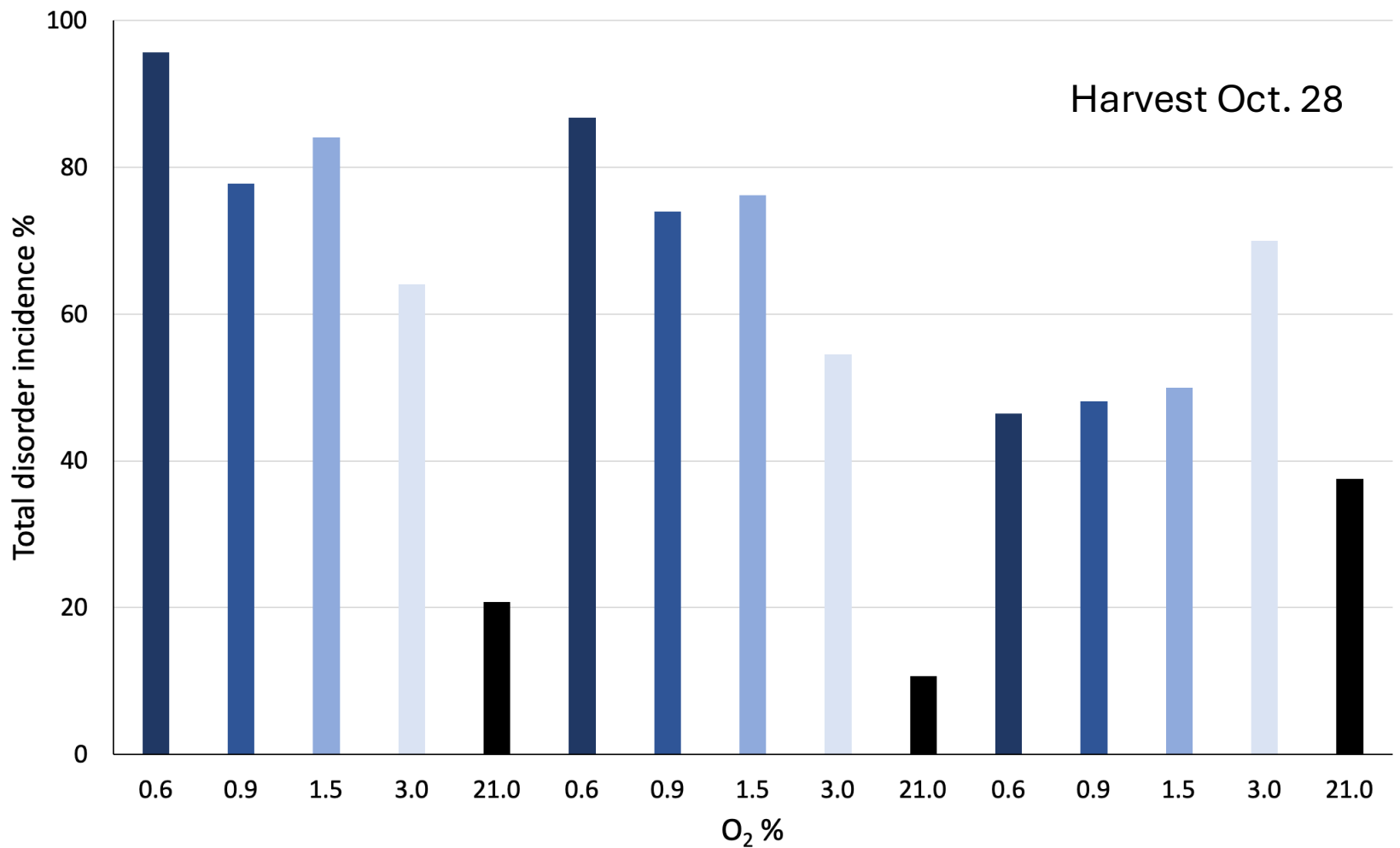
Average Disorders 6 months+Shelf Life



- Slight sensitivity to CO₂ injury above 1.5%
- CO₂ of 1.5% to 3% improves storability and ‘packout’
- The biggest issue is a form of core browning

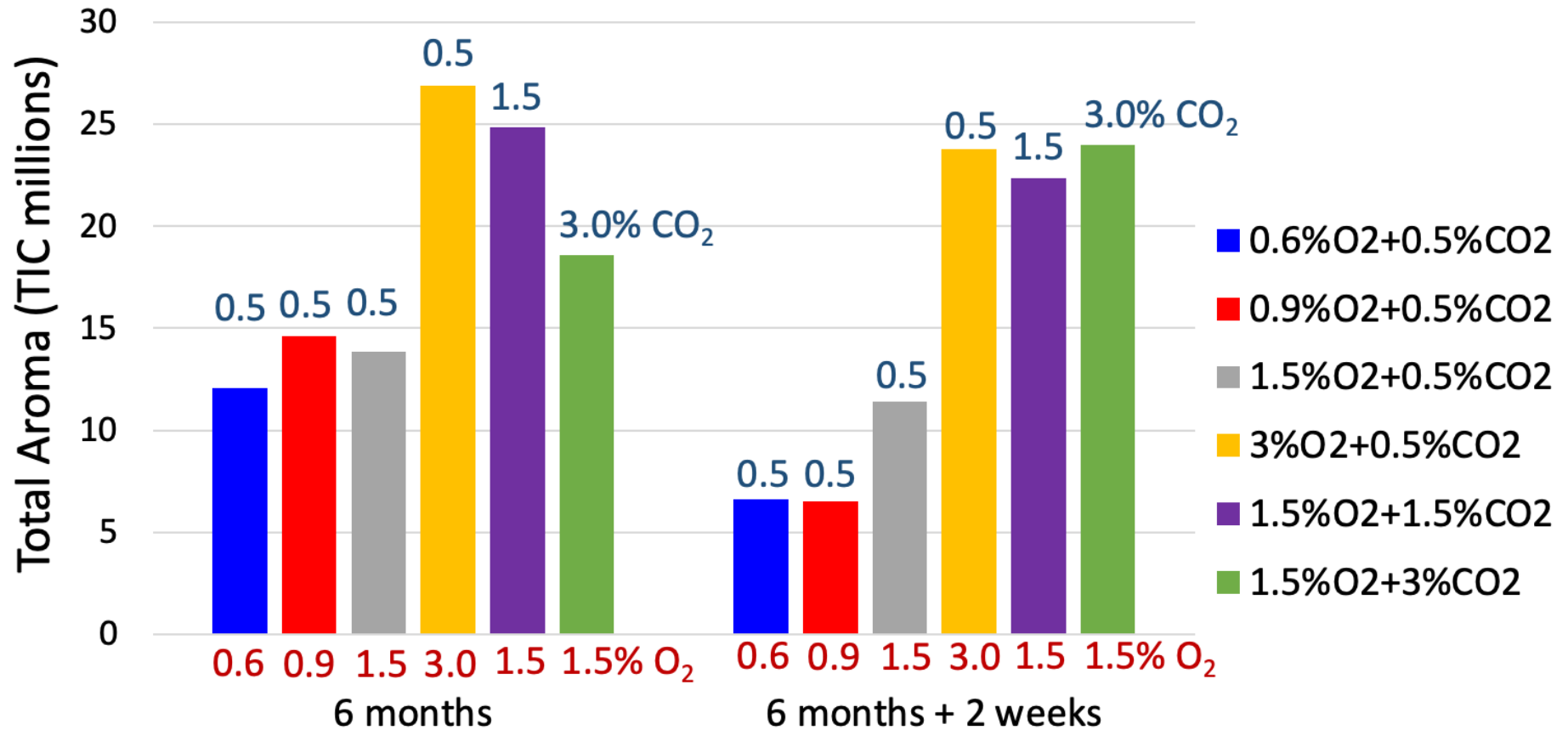


- The devil is in the details! Each orchard experienced different sensitivities to disorders

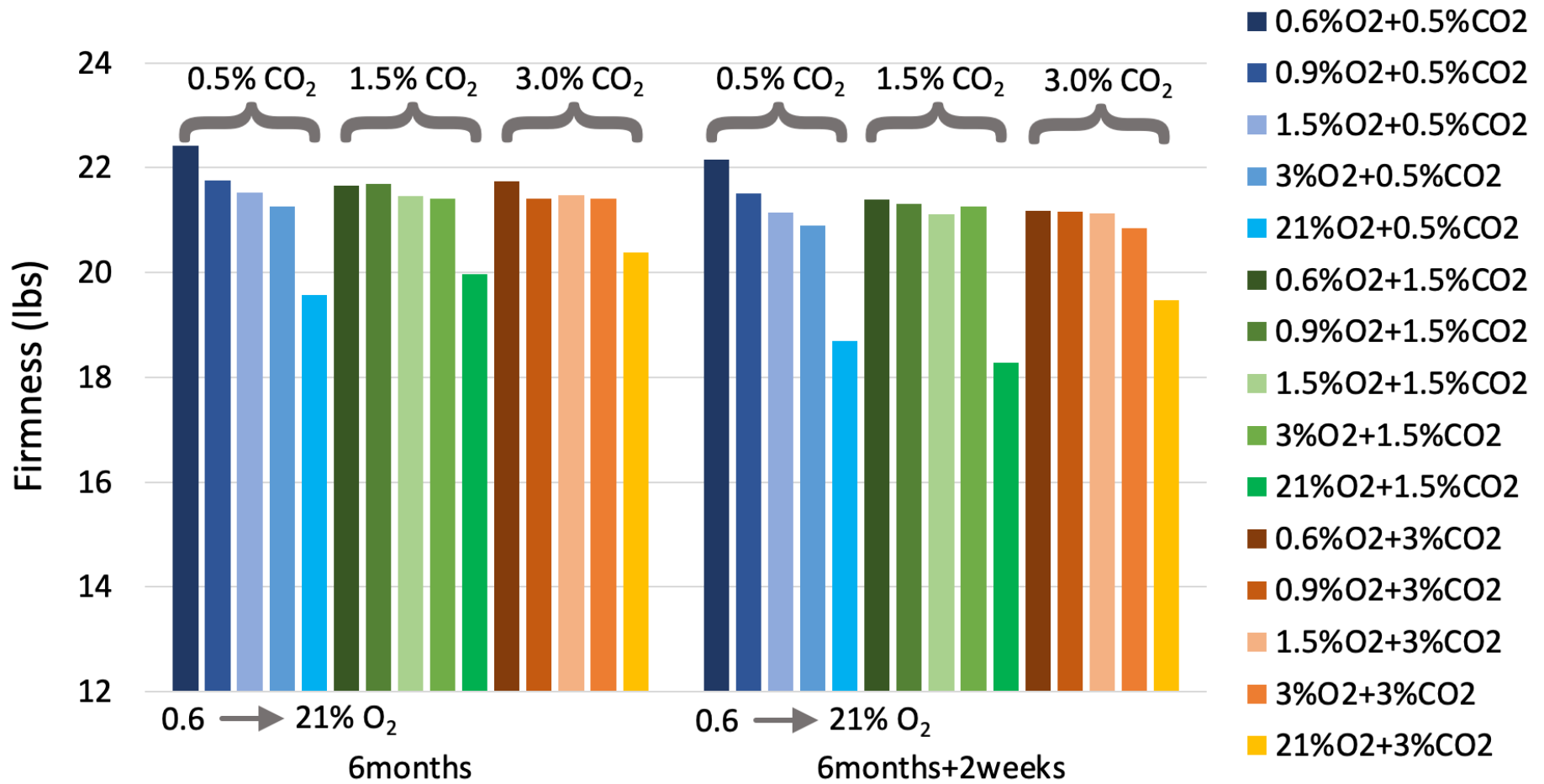


- In a 'sensitive' orchard, DCA may have enhanced disorder incidence.
- Air storage worked just fine
- CO₂ was beneficial

AROMA - evaluated 1 day after storage and after 2 weeks at 5 °C, plus 4 d at 20 °C



- DCA and 1.5% O₂ CA suppress aroma vol formation
- DCA maintains suppression of aroma volatiles after storage



- CA and DCA maintain firmness better than RA
- DCA best maintains firmness best under low CO₂

SUMMARY COMMENTS

Evercrisp is a dense apple fruit.